

would have been payable if the declaration had been timely filed. Thus, for example, B, a single man who makes his return on the calendar year basis, was employed from the beginning of 1955 and for several years prior thereto at an annual salary of \$6,000, thus meeting the requirements of section 6015(a). B filed his declaration for 1955 on September 16, 1955. In such case, B should have filed a declaration on or before April 15, 1955, and at the time of filing his declaration he was delinquent in the payment of three installments of his estimated tax for the taxable year 1955. Hence, upon his filing the declaration on September 16, 1955, three-fourths of the estimated tax shown thereon must be paid.

(4) In the case of a decedent, payments of estimated tax are not required subsequent to the date of death. See, however, paragraph (c) of § 1.6015(b)-1, relating to the making of an amended declaration by a surviving spouse if a joint declaration was made before the death of the decedent.

(5) The payment of any installment of the estimated tax shall be considered payment on account of the tax for such taxable year. Hence, upon the return for such taxable year, the aggregate amount of the payments of estimated tax should be entered as payments to be applied against the tax shown on such return.

(b) *Farmers or fishermen.* Special provisions are made with respect to the filing of the declaration and the payment of the tax by an individual whose estimated gross income from farming or, with respect to taxable years beginning after December 31, 1962, from fishing is at least two-thirds of his total gross income from all sources for the taxable year. As to what constitutes income from farming or fishing within the meaning of this paragraph, see paragraph (b) of § 1.6073-1. The declaration of such an individual may be filed on or before January 15 of the succeeding taxable year in lieu of the time prescribed for individuals generally. Where such an individual makes a declaration of estimated tax after September 15 of the taxable year, the estimated tax shall be paid in full at the time of the filing of the declaration.

(c) *Amendment of declaration.* If any amendment of a declaration is filed, the remaining installments, if any, shall be ratably increased or decreased, as the case may be, to reflect the increase or decrease in the estimated tax by reason of the amendment. If any amendment is made after September 15 of the taxable year, any increase in the estimated tax by reason thereof shall be paid at the time of making the amendment.

(d) *Installments paid in advance.* At the election of the taxpayer any installment of the estimated tax may be paid prior to the date prescribed for its payment.

[T.D. 6500, 25 FR 12139, Nov. 26, 1960, as amended by T.D. 6678, 28 FR 10517, Oct. 1, 1963]

§ 1.6153-2 Fiscal years.

In the case of an individual on the fiscal year basis, the dates prescribed for payment of the estimated tax shall be the 15th day of the 4th month, the 15th day of the 6th month, and the 15th day of the 9th month of the taxable year and the 15th day of the 1st month of the succeeding taxable year. For example, if an individual having a fiscal year ending on June 30, 1956, first meets the requirements of section 6015(a) on January 15, 1956, and the declaration is filed on or before March 15, 1956, the estimated tax shall be paid in 2 equal installments, one at the time of filing of such declaration and the other on or before July 15, 1956.

[T.D. 6500, 25 FR 12139, Nov. 26, 1960]

§ 1.6153-3 Short taxable years.

In the case of a short taxable year of an individual for which a declaration is required to be filed the estimated tax shall be paid in equal installments, one at the time of filing the declaration, one on the 15th day of the 6th month of the taxable year and another on the 15th day of the 9th month of such year unless the short taxable year closed during or prior to such 6th or 9th month, and one on the 15th day of the 1st month of the succeeding taxable year. For example, if the short taxable year is the period of 10 months from January 1, 1955, to October 31, 1955, and the declaration is required to be filed

Internal Revenue Service, Treasury

§ 1.6154-1

on or before April 15, 1955, the estimated tax is payable in 4 equal installments, one on the date of filing the declaration, and one each on June 15, September 15, and November 15, 1955. If in such case the declaration is required to be filed after April 15 but on or before June 15, the tax will be payable in 3 equal installments, one on the date of filing the declaration, and one each on September 15, and November 15, 1955. The provisions of paragraph (a)(3) of § 1.6153-1, relating to payment of estimated tax in any case in which the declaration is filed after the time prescribed in section 6073 and §§ 1.6073-1 to 1.6073-4, inclusive, are equally applicable to the payment of the estimated tax for short taxable years.

[T.D. 6500, 25 FR 12139, Nov. 26, 1960]

§ 1.6153-4 Extension of time for paying the estimated tax.

An extension of time granted an individual under section 6081 for filing the declaration of estimated tax automatically extends the time for paying the estimated tax (without interest) for the same period. See § 1.6073-4 for rules relating to extensions of time for filing declarations of estimated tax by individuals. Except as provided in paragraph (b) of § 301.6091-1 (relating to hand-carried documents), an application for an extension of time for paying a particular installment of the estimated tax shall be addressed to the internal revenue officer with whom the taxpayer files his declaration. Each application must contain a full recital of the causes for the delay. Such extension may be for a reasonable period not to exceed 6 months from the date fixed for payment thereof except in the case of a taxpayer who is abroad. Such extension does not relieve the taxpayer from the addition to the tax imposed by section 6654, and the period of the underpayment will be determined under section 6654(c) without regard to such extension.

[T.D. 6950, 33 FR 5357, Apr. 4, 1968]

§ 1.6154-1 Payment of estimated tax by corporations.

(a) *Taxable years beginning on or before December 31, 1963*—(1) *Amount required to be paid.* Every corporation required to

file a declaration of estimated tax for a taxable year beginning on or before December 31, 1963, shall pay the following percentage of its estimated tax:

| If the taxable year ends— | The amount required to be paid is the following percentage of the estimated tax |
|--|---|
| On or after Dec. 31, 1955, and before Dec. 31, 1956 .. | 10 |
| On or after Dec. 31, 1956, and before Dec. 31, 1957 .. | 20 |
| On or after Dec. 31, 1957, and before Dec. 31, 1958 .. | 30 |
| On or after Dec. 31, 1958, and before Dec. 31, 1959 .. | 40 |
| On or after Dec. 31, 1959 | 50 |

(2) *Time for payment.* (i) In the case of a corporation on the calendar year basis which files its declaration on or before September 15 of the taxable year, the percentage of the estimated tax required to be paid is payable in two equal installments, one at the time of filing the declaration, and the other on or before December 15 of the taxable year. If the corporation files its declaration after September 15 of the taxable year, the percentage of the estimated tax required to be paid is payable in full on or before December 15 of the taxable year.

(ii) In the case of a corporation whose taxable year is a fiscal year, the dates prescribed for payment of the estimated tax shall be the 15th day of the 9th month and the 15th day of the 12th month of such taxable year. If the corporation files its declaration after the 15th day of such 9th month, the percentage of the estimated tax required to be paid is payable in full on or before the 15th day of such 12th month.

(3) *Amendment of declaration.* In the case of an amended declaration, filed in accordance with section 6074, the installment payable on the 15th day of the 12th month of the taxable year shall be ratably increased or decreased, as the case may be, to reflect the increase or decrease in the estimated tax by reason of the amended declaration. For example, X, a corporation on the calendar year basis, filed a declaration on September 15, 1955, reporting an estimated tax in the amount of \$20,000. The first installment of \$1,000 (5 percent of \$20,000) accompanied the declaration. However, X filed an amended declaration on December 15, 1955, showing an estimated tax of \$30,000. Since X